



We dug below the first cliff band and found 7' of snow, the bottom 2' consisting of weak facets. A Deep Tap Test showed a clean shear at this interface. An avalanche could be triggered by 3 ways: more load from snowfall or wet avalanche debris, melt-water percolating through the snowpack to the facets, or human triggering from a thin spot. Photo: GNFAC

Advisory Region  
Bridger Range  
Longitude  
-110.94W  
Latitude  
45.79N  
Bridger Range, 2024-03-19